

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
May 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach Ocean Beach, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach (Village), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

The Village did not obtain an actuarial valuation to comply with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that state and local governments recognize liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above, do not present fairly, the financial position of the governmental activities, of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach, as of May 31, 2019, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach, as of May 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, "Changes in Accounting Principles", the Village has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as of May 31, 2019. Also described in Note 2, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, as of May 31, 2019.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – water fund, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – sewer fund, schedule of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of Village pension contributions on pages 3 through 13 and 44 through 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the schedule of changes in the Village's total OPEB liability and related ratios that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

October 24, 2019

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019 in comparison with the year ended May 31, 2018, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

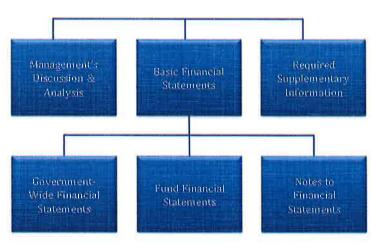
1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- The Village's total net position at May 31, 2018 was restated and decreased by \$13,843,475, as a result of the required implementation of GASB standards during the year. The general fund fund balance was also restated and increased by \$598,066, as a result of the implementation of the GASB standards.
- The Village's total net position, as reflected in the government-wide financial statements, increased by \$6,745,580. This was due to an excess of revenues over expenses based on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Village's expenses for the year, as reflected in the government-wide financial statements, totaled \$7,786,870. This amount was offset by program charges for services and capital grants totaling \$8,255,660. General revenues of \$6,276,790 amount to 43.2% of total revenues.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, decreased by \$169,475.
 This was due to an excess of expenditures over revenues based on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- On the balance sheet, the general fund's unassigned fund balance at year end was \$4,590,685. This represents a decrease of \$135,121 from the prior year.
- The Village redeemed \$505,807 in BANs from appropriations in the current year.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the Village and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the Village as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the Village's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds, not the Village as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the Village are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period in which the Village incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, compensated absences, and pension costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's operations and the services it provides.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four individual governmental funds: general fund, sewer fund, water fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in its capacity as agent or trustee and utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the Village's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the Village cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The Village's total net position increased by \$6,745,580 between fiscal year 2019 and 2018. The May 31, 2018 net position has been decreased by \$13,843,475, resulting from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. A summary of the Village's Statements of Net Position follows:

	2019	As Restated 2018	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Assets Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,813,296 30,958,980	\$ 17,808,615 24,399,542	\$ (3,995,319) 6,559,438	(22.43)% 26.88 %
Total Assets	44,772,276_	42,208,157	2,564,119	6.07 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources	504,458	1,014,690	(510,232)	(50.28)%
Liabilities Current and Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share Total Liabilities	4,928,116 6,499,073 631,007 12,058,196	12,451,432 4,059,937 <u>371,583</u> 16,882,952	(7,523,316) 2,439,136 	(60.42)% 60.08 % 69.82 % (28.58)%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,218,409	1,085,346	133,063	12.26 %
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	21,130,888 653,708 10,215,533	21,940,178 674,245 2,640,126	(809,290) (20,537) 7,575,407	(3.69)% (3.05)% 286.93 %
Total Net Position	\$ 32,000,129	\$ 25,254,549	\$ 6,745,580	26.71 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Current and other assets decreased by \$3,995,319, as compared to the prior year. This was primarily the result of a decrease in cash of \$3,460,476 and a decrease in the amount due from state and federal governments of \$528,764.

Capital assets, net increased by \$6,559,438, as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily due to capital asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 9 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension plans that will be amortized in future years.

Current and other liabilities decreased by \$7,523,316, as compared to the prior year. The balance of bond anticipation notes decreased from the prior year by \$4,185,000 (\$3,548,000 and \$7,733,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively). Additionally, accrued liabilities decreased \$959,131 and due to other governments decreased \$2,975,000, these were offset by an increase in accounts payable of \$591,044.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$2,439,136, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to the Village issuing bonds in the amount of \$2,833,224. The increase was offset by bond and capital lease principal payments in the amount of \$397,446.

Net pension liability – proportionate share increased by \$259,424 in the current year. This liability represents the Village's share of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Local Police and Fire Retirement System's collective net pension liability, at the measurement date of the respective year.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension plans that will be amortized in future years, and property taxes collected for which the Village has not yet levied as of May 31, 2019.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost such as land; construction in progress; buildings; infrastructure; capital leases; and, equipment, net of depreciation and related outstanding debt. This number decreased \$809,290 from the prior year.

The restricted amount of \$653,708 relates to the Village's reserves and restricted fund balance. This number decreased from the prior year by \$20,537 principally due to the net decrease in the Village-sponsored LOSAP for volunteers of the Village fire department.

The unrestricted amount of \$10,215,533 relates to the balance of the Village's net position. This balance does not include the Village's reserves, which are classified as restricted. This balance increased over the prior year by \$7,575,407.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. A summary of this statement for the years ended May 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	-	2018	 Increase Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 2,087,764	\$	2,042,638	\$ 45,126	2.21 %
Capital Grants	6,167,896		3,866,740	2,301,156	59.51 %
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	4,201,178		3,986,114	215,064	5.40 %
State Sources	65,827		66,671	(844)	(1.27)%
Other	 2,009,785		2,359,640	(349,855)	(14.83)%
Total Revenues	14,532,450		12,321,803	2,210,647	17.94 %
Expenses					
General government	2,530,459		2,223,292	307,167	13.82 %
Public safety	1,773,876		1,866,146	(92,270)	(4.94)%
Health	3,768		4,660	(892)	(19.14)%
Transportation	269,135		278,471	(9,336)	(3.35)%
Culture and recreation	450,116		517,908	(67,792)	(13.09)%
Home and community	1,458,214		1,237,092	221,122	17.87 %
Debt Service - Interest	312,036		308,713	3,323	1.08 %
Depreciation expense - unallocated	 989,266		421,271	 567,995	
Total Expenses	7,786,870	-	6,857,553	929,317	13.55 %
Change in Net Position	\$ 6,745,580	\$_	5,464,250	\$ 1,281,330	23.45 %

The Village's net position increased by \$6,745,580 and \$5,464,250 for the years ended May 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

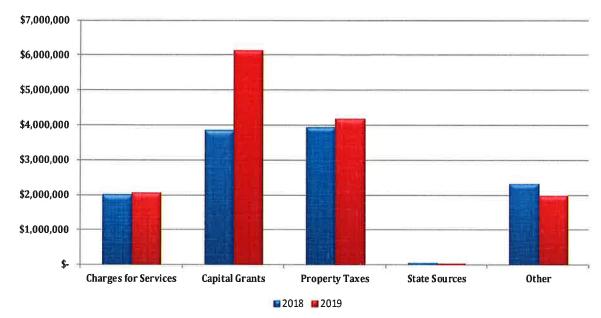
The Village's revenues increased \$2,210,647 over the prior year. The increase is mainly attributable to an increase in capital grants of \$2,301,156 and property taxes of \$215,064. The increase in capital grants is the result of increased FEMA aid for various repair projects.

Expenses increased \$929,317 over the prior year. The largest increase was in depreciation expense (\$567,996 over the prior year) due to a large number of assets being placed in service as capital projects are completed. General government support increased by \$307,167 due to approximate increases in unallocated insurance of \$144,000, salaries of \$128,000, and employee benefits of \$79,000, offset by building expenses of approximately \$18,000 and legal fees of approximately \$25,000. Home and Community expenses increased by \$221,122 due to the installation of water meters.

As indicated in the graphs that follow, capital grants (42.4%) and property taxes (32.4%) are the largest component of revenues recognized of the total for the years 2019 and 2018, respectively. General government support expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e. 32.5% and 32.4% of the total for the years 2019 and 2018, respectively.

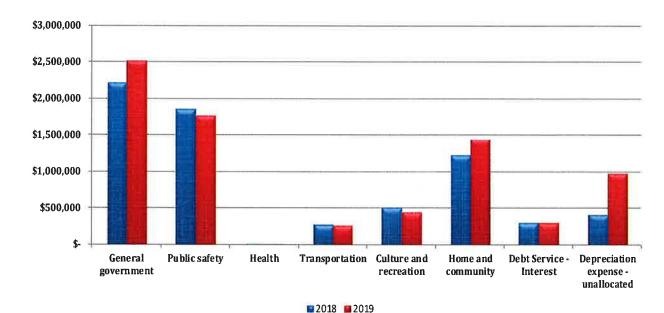
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



	Charges for Services	Capital Grants	Property Taxes	State Sources	Other
2018	16.6%	31.4%	32.4%	0.5%	19.1%
2019	14.4%	42.4%	28.9%	0.5%	13.8%

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



		General government	Public safety	Health	Transportation	Culture and recreation	Home and community	Debt Service - Interest	Depreciation expense - unallocated
L	2018	32.4%	27.2%	0.1%	4.1%	7.6%	18.0%	4.5%	6.1%
	2019	32.5%	22.8%	0.0%	3.5%	5.8%	18.7%	4.0%	12.7%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

At May 31, 2019, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,096,637, which is an increase of \$2,729,403 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues over expenditures based upon the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

	-	2019	 As Restated 2018	Increase (Decrease)		
General Fund						
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$	16,594	\$ 30,411	\$	(13,817)	
Restricted						
Retirement contribution		20,000	20,000		5.	
Debt service		56,179	56,179		¥	
Service award program		577,529	598,066		(20,537)	
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance						
Fireworks fund		717	717		<u> </u>	
Storm damage		1,000,000	1,000,000		3	
Tax certiorari settlements		38,395	38,395		#	
Beach, parks, recreation facilities		158,017	158,017		=	
Dune protection/flood erosion		67,228	67,228		<u></u>	
Unassigned: Fund balance		4,590,685	 4,725,806		(135,121)	
		6,525,344	 6,694,819		(169,475)	
Water Fund						
Assigned: Appropriated fund balance		31,479	37,703		(6,224)	
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance		722,666	811,206		(88,540)	
0 11 1		754,145	848,909		(94,764)	
Sewer Fund						
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	_	1,174,771	 1,059,457		115,314	
Capital Projects Fund						
Restricted: Unspent bond proceeds		174,212	1,559,162		(1,384,950)	
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)		(531,835)	(4,795,113)		4,263,278	
- 1		(357,623)	(3,235,951)		2,878,328	
Total Fund Balance		8,096,637	\$ 5,367,234		2,729,403	

A. General Fund

The net change in the general fund – fund balance is a decrease of \$169,475. This resulted from expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources.

B. Water Fund

The net change in the water fund – fund balance is a decrease of \$94,764, which was a result of expenditures in excess of revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

C. Sewer Fund

The net change in the sewer fund – fund balance is an increase of \$115,314, which was a result of revenues in excess of expenditures.

D. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund - fund deficit decreased by \$2,878,328 as compared to the prior year, which was a result of revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2018-2019 Budget

The Village's general fund adopted budget for the year ended May 31, 2019 was \$7,002,136.

The budget was funded by estimated revenues. The majority of this funding source was in estimated property taxes.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves, assignments and amounts classified as nonspendable. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	4,725,806
Revenues Under Budget		(249,421)
Expenditures Under Budget		79,946
Net Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance		13,817
Net Change to Service Award Program Fund Balance		20,537
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$_	4,590,685

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$4,725,806 shown in the table is the portion of the Village's May 31, 2018 fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 67% of the Village's 2018-2019 approved operating budget of \$7,002,136.

Revenues Under Budget

The 2018-2019 budget for revenues was \$7,002,136. Actual revenues recognized for the year were \$6,752,715. The actual revenue under estimated or budgeted revenue was \$249,421, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from May 31, 2018 to May 31, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2018-2019 budget for expenditures was \$7,002,136. Actual expenditures as of May 31, 2019 were \$6,922,109. The final budget was under expended by \$79,946. This under expenditure contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from May 31, 2018 to May 31, 2019.

Net Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance

The Village had purchased ferry tickets available for resale at May 31, 2019. The resulting balance sheet asset (inventory) cannot be spent because it is not in spendable form, meaning it will not be converted to cash. Accordingly, an equal amount of fund balance is classified as Nonspendable. The increase in Nonspendable fund balance reduces unassigned fund balance.

Net Change to Service Award Program Fund Balance

Service award program fund balance decrease reflects the excess of service award program expenditures over revenues.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the unassigned fund balance at May 31, 2019 was \$4,590,685. This amount equals 67% of the 2019-2020 budget.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, DEBT ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Assets

At May 31, 2019, the Village had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions of \$7,548,704 in excess of depreciation of \$989,266 recorded for the year ended May 31, 2019. A summary of the Village's capital assets, net of depreciation at May 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

		2019		As Restated 2018	Increase Decrease)
Land	\$	225,326	\$	225,326	\$ 56 4 5
Construction in progress		6,229,254		5,738,129	491,125
Buildings		12,317,013		10,259,827	2,057,186
Equipment		821,913		489,304	332,609
Infrastructure		11,365,474		7,686,956	 3,678,518
Capital assets, net	_\$	30,958,980	_\$	24,399,542	\$ 6,559,438

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Debt Administration

At May 31, 2019, the Village has total bonds payable of \$6,388,224. The increase in outstanding bonds represents current year issuances of \$2,833,224 in excess of principal payments of \$367,000. The Village also has total capital leases payables of \$66,081. The decrease in outstanding capital leases represents current year principal payments of \$30,446. A summary of the outstanding debt at May 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Issue	Interest					Increase
_	Date	Rate	2019		2018	(Decrease)
Bonds Pa	ıyable						
	12/13/2012	1.25 - 2.25%	\$ 785,000	\$	875,000	\$	(90,000)
	12/13/2012	1.25 - 2.25%	250,000		275,000		(25,000)
	12/13/2012	1.25 - 2.00%	440,000		535,000		(95,000)
	12/13/2012	1.25 - 2.00%	50,000		60,000		(10,000)
	4/12/2018	2.00 - 3.00%	935,000		1,000,000		(65,000)
	4/12/2018	2.00 - 3.00%	630,000		677,000		(47,000)
	4/12/2018	2.00 - 3.00%	465,000		500,000		(35,000)
	6/13/2019	N/A	1,792,000				1,792,000
	6/20/2019	1.31 - 3.81%	 1,041,224				1,041,224
			\$ 6,388,224	_\$_	3,922,000	\$	2,466,224
Capital L	ease Payable		 66,081	_\$_	96,527	\$	(30,446)

The Village's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation is AAA. The Village's outstanding serial bonds at May 31, 2019 are 42.76% of the Village's available debt limit.

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the Village's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences and net pension liability – proportionate share. The compensated absences liability is based on employment contracts. The net pension liability – proportionate share is based on actuarial valuations.

		2019		2018	ncrease Decrease)
Compensated absences Net pension liability - proportionate share	\$	44,768 631,007	\$	41,410 371,583	\$ 3,358 259,424
	\$	675,775	\$	412,993	\$ 262,782

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The Board of Trustees approved a \$6,810,881 general fund budget, \$870,518 water fund budget, and \$913,742 sewer fund budget for a total budget of \$8,595,141 for the year ending May 31, 2020. This is a decrease of \$229,360 or 2.60% from the previous year's budget. The decrease is principally in debt service payments.

8. CONTACTING THE VILLAGE

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Steven Brautigam Village Clerk/Treasurer Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach P.O. Box 457 Ocean Beach, NY 11770

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash	h 44 64 6 4 40
Unrestricted	\$ 11,616,449
Restricted	250,391
Receivables	200 500
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	308,588
	31,845
Due from fiduciary funds	41
Due from state and federal	992,801
Due from other governments	19,058
Inventory	16,594
Service award program	577,529
Capital assets:	
Not being depreciated	6,454,580
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	24,504,400
Total Assets	44,772,276
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	504,458
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	667,923
Accrued liabilities	248,514
Due to NYSLRS	54,588
Unearned credits - collections in advance	409,091
Notes payable -bond anticipation	3,548,000
Long-term liabilities	5,5 15,5 00
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable	464,740
Capital lease payable	32,144
Due and payable after one year	32,144
Bonds payable	5,923,484
Capital lease payable	33,937
Compensated absences payable	44,768
Net pension liability - proportionate share	-
Net pension habinty - proportionate share	631,007
Total Liabilities	12,058,196
Total Buomities	12,030,170
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue	757,370
Pensions	461,039_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,218,409
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	21,130,888
noonrestilone in capital assets	21,130,000
Restricted:	
Retirement contribution	20,000
Debt service	56,179
Service award program	577,529
	653,708
Unrestricted	10,215,533
Total Nat Decition	A 22.000.420
Total Net Position	\$ 32,000,129

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Statement of Activities For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

				Program	Reve	enues		et (Expense) evenue and
				harges for		Capital		Changes in
	_	Expenses	_	Services	_	Grants	Net Position	
TUNGTIONS (PROCEDURE)								
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		0.500.450		5 5000		200.044		(0.400.50.()
General government	\$	2,530,459	\$	7,009	\$	329,914	\$	(2,193,536)
Public safety		1,773,876		654,674				(1,119,202)
Health		3,768		302,386				298,618
Transportation		269,135				2,735,187		2,466,052
Culture and recreation		450,116						(450,116)
Home and community		1,458,214		1,123,695		3,102,795		2,768,276
Debt service - interest		312,036						(312,036)
Depreciation - unallocated	_	989,266	_				_	(989,266)
Total Functions and Programs	\$	7,786,870	_\$_	2,087,764		6,167,896		468,790
GENERAL REVENUES								
Real property taxes								4,201,178
Other tax items								500,009
Nonproperty taxes								14,141
Use of money and property								1,077,072
Licenses and permits								320,973
Fines and forfeitures								44,514
Sale of property and compensation for loss								2,683
Miscellaneous								50,393
State aid								65,827
State alu							_	03,027
Total General Revenues							_	6,276,790
Change in Net Position								6,745,580
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year, a	s Res	stated					_	25,254,549
Total Net Position - End of Year							_\$_	32,000,129

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds May 31, 2019

	General	Water	Sewer	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
	-				
ASSETS					
Cash	4 (070 007				* ******
Unrestricted	\$ 6,979,337		\$ 1,049,134	\$ 2,791,399	\$ 11,616,449
Restricted	76,179			174,212	250,391
Receivables Accounts receivable	207,000	1 500			200 500
Taxes receivable	307,088 31,845	·			308,588 31,845
Due from other funds	29,403		146,182		175,585
Due from state and federal	27,103		110,102	992,801	992,801
Due from other governments	19,058			772,001	19,058
Inventory	16,594				16,594
Service award program	577,529				577,529
Total Assets	\$ 8,037,033	\$ 798,079	\$ 1,195,316	\$ 3,958,412	\$ 13,988,840
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Accounts payable	\$ 44,422		\$ 5,557	\$ 607,051	\$ 667,923
Accrued liabilities	182,388		1,885		206,428
Due to other funds		6,845	7,715	160,984	175,544
Due to NYSLRS	45,159		5,388		54,588
Unearned credits - collections in advance	409,091			2 5 4 5 6 6 6	409,091
Notes payable -bond anticipation				3,548,000	3,548,000
Total Liabilities	681,060	43,934	20,545	4,316,035	5,061,574
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred taxes	757,370				757,370
Unavailable revenue	73,259	-			73,259
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	830,629				830,629
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Nonspendable: Inventory	16,594				16,594
Restricted:	10,371				10,374
Retirement contribution	20.000				20.000
Debt service	56,179				56,179
Service award program	577,529				577,529
Unspent bond proceeds				174,212	174,212
Assigned: Appropriated fund balance		31,479			31,479
Unappropriated fund balance		0-,			J-,
Fireworks fund	717				717
Storm damage	1,000,000				1,000,000
Tax certiorari settlements	38,395				38,395
Beach, parks, recreation facilities	158,017				158,017
Dune protection/flood erosion	67,228				67,228
Other fund balance		722,666	1,174,771		1,897,437
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	4,590,685		445	(531,835)	4,058,850
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	6,525,344	754,145	1,174,771	(357,623)	8,096,637
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 8,037,033	\$ 798,079	\$ 1,195,316	\$ 3,958,412	\$ 13,988,840

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 8,096,637

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the Village as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

 Original cost of capital assets
 \$ 41,877,560

 Accumulated depreciation
 (10,918,580)

 30,958,980

Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability, and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources 504,458

Net pension liability - police and fire retirement system (361,236)

Net pension liability - employees' retirement system (269,771)

Deferred inflows of resources (461,039)

(587,588)

Some of the Village's revenues will be collected after the year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not

reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Accrued interest on bonds payable (42,086)
Bonds payable (6,388,224)
Capital lease payable (66,081)
Compensated absences payable (44,768)

73,259

(6,541,159)

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

		General		Water		Sewer		Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
		Goneral		774401	_			110,000	_	1 41145
REVENUES										
Real property taxes	\$	3,672,233	\$	245,380	\$	283,565	\$		\$	4,201,178
Real property tax items		500,009								500,009
Non-property taxes		14,141								14,141
Departmental income		316,395		572,493		544,202				1,433,090
Intergovernmental income		654,674								654,674
Use of money and property		1,010,823		10,233		29,729				1,050,785
Licenses and permits		320,973								320,973
Fines and forfeited bail		44,514								44,514
Sale of property and										
compensation for loss		2,386		297						2,683
Miscellaneous		22,376				28,017				50,393
State aid		65,827								65,827
Federal aid	14	116,775						6,051,121	_	6,167,896
Total Revenues		6,741,126		828,403		885,513		6,051,121		14,506,163
Your revenues		0,711,120		020,103	_	005,515	_	0,031,121		11,500,105
EXPENDITURES										
General government		2,136,363		51,300		82,000				2,269,663
Public safety		1,412,977								1,412,977
Health		3,768								3,768
Transportation _		190,363						2,343,299		2,533,662
Culture and recreation		749,799						299,568		1,049,367
Home and community		475,085		513,206		384,961		4,032,231		5,405,483
Employee benefits		949,375		122,925		138,344				1,210,644
Debt service										
Principal		607,446		200,807		95,000				903,253
Interest		222,151		34,929		69,894				326,974
Total Expenditures		6,747,327		923,167		770,199		6,675,098		15,115,791
T (D ()) (D										
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(6 201)		(04.764)		115 214		(622 077)		(600 630)
Over Expenditures	_	(6,201)	-	(94,764)	_	115,314	-	(623,977)	_	(609,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES	1									
Proceeds of debt	•							2,833,224		2,833,224
BANs redeemed from appropriations								505,807		505,807
Operating transfers in		11.589						174,863		186,452
Operating transfers (out)		(174,863)						(11,589)		(186,452)
Total Other Financing										
Sources and (Uses)		(163,274)	_		_		_	3,502,305	_	3,339,031
Net Change in Fund Balances		(169,475)		(94,764)		115,314		2,878,328		2,729,403
Fund Balances (Deficit) -										
Beginning of Year, as Restated		6,694,819		848,909		1,059,457		(3,235,951)		5,367,234
,			-							,
End of Year	\$	6,525,344	\$	754,145	\$	1,174,771	\$	(357,623)	\$	8,096,637

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ 2,729,403
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating revenues are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, revenue for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources provided (essentially, the amounts actually received).	\$ 73,259	
Certain revenues are recognized in the governmental funds when they provide current financial resources. However, these revenues were recognized in the Statement of Activities in prior years when they were earned.	(46,972)	
Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.		
Increase in compensated absences payable	(3,358)	22,929
Capital Related Differences		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which, capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	7,548,704 (989,266)	6,559,438
Long-Term Debt Transactions Differences		
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds are other funding sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.	(2,833,224)	
Proceeds from the redemptions of BANs are an other funding source in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.	(505,807)	
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of bond principal	367,000 30,446	
Repayment of capital lease payable Repayment of BAN principial	505,807	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the		
requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued decreased from May 31, 2018 to May 31, 2019.	14,939	(2,420,839)
Pension Differences		
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		
Police and fire retirement system	(81,593)	
Employees' retirement system	(63,758)	(145,351)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 6,745,580

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2019

	Agency
ASSETS Cash Unrestricted	\$ 52,576
LIABILITIES Due to governmental funds Other liabilities	\$ 41 52,535
Total Liabilities	\$ 52,576

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach (the "Village"), which was established in 1921, is governed by its Charter, New York State Village Law and other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws. The Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operations. The Mayor serves as the Chief Executive Officer and the Treasurer serves as the Chief Fiscal Officer.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, which is the Village, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The following basic services are provided: general support, public safety, health, transportation, economic assistance and opportunity, culture and recreation, and home and community service.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Village. The Village is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the Village's reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the Village, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The Village's financial statements present the following fund types:

Governmental Funds - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the Village's major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special grant funds and capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Water Fund - used to account for transactions of the Village water system.

Sewer Fund - used to account for transactions of the Village sewer system.

Capital Projects Fund - is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets, such as equipment.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the Village acts as a trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the Village and are not available to be used to finance Village operations. The Village uses the following fiduciary fund:

Agency Fund – These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is used to account for money (and/or property) received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and similar items is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Charges for services are recognized in the year the services are provided.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Village considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and pension costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

D. Real Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied no later than May 15th and become a lien on June 1st. The Village collects its own taxes. Taxes are collected during the month of June without penalty. A 5% penalty is assessed on taxes paid after July 1st, and an additional 1% is assessed each month on taxes paid after July. Unpaid Village taxes can be collected through tax sales.

E. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the Village's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

F. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the Village include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The Village typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the Village must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the government-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary fund.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the Village's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including compensated absences, pension reporting, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

I. Restricted Length of Service Award Program Investments

The Village sponsors the Ocean Beach Volunteer Firefighter Service Award Program, a defined contribution pension plan, and has reported service award program assets. The underlying assets are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices and includes equity mutual funds.

The service award program assets are restricted for the purpose of providing benefits to the participants of the plan.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory

Inventory consists of purchased ferry tickets available for resale and is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using specific identifications.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventory and prepaids do not constitute available spendable resources.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
	Th	reshold	Useful Life
i i			
Buildings and other improvements	\$	5,000	10 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment		5,000	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure		5,000	15 - 40 years
Capital leases - fire trucks		5,000	8 - 10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

M. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The Village has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions (NYSLRS) and consists of the Village's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension liability not included in collective pension expense. The second item is the Village's contributions to the pension systems (NYSLRS) subsequent to the measurement date.

N. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them, as when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the Village. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the Village has legal claim to the resources.

O. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the government-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is property taxes and assessments received before the period for which they are levied or assessed, and are reported as deferred revenue. They are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied or assessed, which will be the subsequent year. The last item is related to pensions reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the Village's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension liability not included in collective pension expense.

P. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the government-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Q. Other Benefits

Eligible Village employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System or the New York State Police and Fire Retirement System.

The Village provides health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

Eligible volunteer firefighters participate in the Village sponsored Length of Service Award Program.

R. Short-Term Debt

The Village may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

S. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets.

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventory, which is recorded in the general fund.

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Village has established the following restricted fund balances:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Restricted for Debt Service

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects, interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premiums and accrued interest on long-term borrowings are held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the general fund.

Restricted for Service Award Program

The Village established a defined contribution plan for the active volunteer firefighters in the Village of Ocean Beach. The plan provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits and the Village is the sponsor of the plan. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, the Village reports the value of the assets available for benefits as restricted in the general fund.

Restricted - Unspent Bond Proceeds

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the Village's Board of Trustees. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the Village's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources.

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Trustees if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Trustees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Board of Trustees shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or Board approved budget revision and then from the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an appropriation and then from the unassigned fund balance.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, which requires local governments to include government-wide financial statements that are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Village also implemented GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019. The implementation of the statement requires, among other things, that the Village eliminate the presentation of the Ocean Beach Volunteer Fire Department Service Award Program in the Agency Fund and present the assets in the General Fund. Accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions of the statements are to be applied retroactively and reported as a restatement of beginning net position.

3. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the government-wide statements, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the Village's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the Village's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The Village administration submits a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Trustees for the general fund, water fund and sewer fund. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing. A public hearing is held on the tentative budgets by April 15. After completion of the budgets hearing, the Board of Trustees may further change the tentative budget. Such budgets, as so revised, shall be adopted by resolution no later than May 1. All subsequent modifications of the budgets must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year.

Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Trustees as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriations of fund balance. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. No supplemental appropriations occurred during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund has an unassigned fund balance deficit of \$531,835. This will be funded when the Village obtains permanent financing for its current construction project.

5. <u>DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The Village's investment policies are governed by state statutes and Village policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities. Investments are stated at fair value.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

The Village's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the Village's behalf at year end.

The Village did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the Village was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

Investment pool:

The Village participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – New York (NYCLASS), a multimunicipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 3-A and 5-G, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents. All NYCLASS investment and collateral policies are in accordance with General Municipal Law, Sections 10 and 11.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Total investments of the cooperative at May 31, 2019 are \$2,875,025,656, which consisted of \$451,582,793 in repurchase agreements, \$2,185,579,227 in U.S. Treasury Securities and \$237,863,636 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as cash:

Fund	 Carrying Amount
General	\$ 4,042,957
Water	509,471
Sewer	709,999
Capital Projects	 241,409
	\$ 5,503,836

The above amounts represent the fair value of the investment pool shares. The Lead Participant of NYCLASS is the Village of Potsdam. Additional information concerning NYCLASS, including the annual report, can be found on its website at www.newyorkclass.org.

6. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

The Village is owed \$992,801 in Federal Emergency Management Aid for storm damages in the Capital Projects Fund.

7. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at May 31, 2019 consisted of:

General Fund	
Fire Protection Charges - ambulance contracts	\$ 9,470
Suffolk County Sales Tax	9,588
	 19,058

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at May 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Interfund									
	Re	eceivable		Payable	Tr	ansfers In	Tra	insfers Out		
General Fund	\$	29,403	\$		\$	11,589	\$	174,863		
Water Fund				6,845						
Sewer Fund		146,182		7,715						
Capital Projects Fund				160,984		174,863		11,589		
Total Governmental Funds		175,585		175,544	\$	186,452	\$	186,452		
Fiduciary Funds	34		:	41						
Total	\$	175,585	\$	175,585						

The transfer to the capital projects fund was for FEMA aid received for ongoing capital projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended May 31, 2019 were as follows:

a a	Balance May 31, 2018	Balance May 31, 2019		
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 225,326	\$	\$	\$ 225,326
Construction in progress	5,738,129	6,675,097	(6,183,972)	6,229,254
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	5,963,455	6,675,097	(6,183,972)	6,454,580
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	11,365,942	2,614,541		13,980,483
Equipment	2,522,714	469,264		2,991,978
Infrastructure	13,940,729	3,973,774		17,914,503
Capital leases	536,016			536,016
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	28,365,401	7,057,579		35,422,980
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,106,115	557,355		1,663,470
Equipment	2,033,410	136,655		2,170,065
Infrastructure	6,253,773	295,256		6,549,029
Capital leases	536,016			536,016
Total accumulated depreciation	9,929,314	989,266		10,918,580
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	18,436,087	6,068,313	E-E	24,504,400
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,399,542	\$ 12,743,410	\$ (6,183,972)	\$ 30,958,980

The total depreciation expense recorded in the government-wide statements is \$989,266.

10. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt transactions for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Stated Interest Rate	Balance May 31, 2018					Issued	 Redeemed	_M:	Balance ay 31, 2019
BAN	4/12/2019	2.00%	\$	3,233,000	\$		\$ (3,233,000)	\$	·		
BAN	4/12/2019	2.91%		4,500,000			(4,500,000)		:=		
BAN	4/10/2020	2.75%				2,048,000			2,048,000		
BAN	4/10/2020	2.75%	_		-	1,500,000	 		1,500,000		
			\$_	7,733,000	\$_	3,548,000	\$ (7,733,000)		3,548,000		

The BANs were issued for sewer treatment plant improvements for \$2,048,000 and ferry terminal construction for \$1,500,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Interest on short-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$	223,908
Less interest accrued in the prior year		(30,673)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	-	13,633
Total interest expense on short-term debt	\$	206,868

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pension obligations, for the year are summarized below:

	M:	Balance ay 31, 2018		Additions	R	eductions	М	Balance ay 31, 2019	Dι	mounts ie Within ine Year
Long-term debt:										
Bonds payable	\$	3,922,000	\$	2,833,224	\$	(367,000)	\$	6,388,224	\$	464,740
Capital lease payable		96,527				(30,446)		66,081		32,144
		4,018,527		2,833,224		(397,446)		6,454,305		496,884
Other long-term liabilities										
Compensated absences		41,410	_	3,358				44,768		
	\$_	4,059,937	_\$	2,836,582	_\$_	(397,446)	\$_	6,499,073	\$	496,884

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities. Additions and reductions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to separately determine these amounts. The maturity of compensated absences is not determinable.

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at May 31, 2019
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Serial Bond - sidewalks	12/13/2012	7/1/2027	1.25 - 2.25%	\$ 785,000
Serial Bond - water pipes	12/13/2012	7/1/2027	1.25 - 2.25%	250,000
Serial Bond -	12/13/2012	7/1/2022	1.25 - 2.00%	
Village hall improvements	• •			440,000
Serial Bond - Bayberry	12/13/2012	7/1/2022	1.25 - 2.00%	50,000
Windswept	4/12/2018	4/1/2031	2.00 - 3.00%	935,000
Roads	4/12/2018	4/1/2031	2.00 - 3.00%	630,000
Sewer	4/12/2018	4/1/2031	2.00 - 3.00%	465,000
NYS - Drinking Water	6/13/2019	2/1/2049	N/A	1,792,000
NYS - Safe House	6/20/2019	2/1/2049	1.31 - 3.81%	1,041,224
				\$ 6.388,224

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Year Ending May 31,		Principal	Interest		Total	
2020	\$	464,740	\$	94,361	\$	559,101
2021		475,964		86,564		562,528
2022		479,740		78,537		558,277
2023		489,540		70,363		559,903
2024		369,740		63,338		433,078
2025 - 2029		1,753,700		219,913		1,973,613
2030 - 2034		828,700		79,929		908,629
2035 - 2039		468,700		51,684		520,384
2040- 2044		508,700		35,680		544,380
2045 - 2049		548,700		14,676		563,376
Tot	tal\$_	6,388,224	\$	795,045	_\$_	7,183,269

C. Capital Lease Payable

The Village has leases for two fire trucks and accounts for the leases as capital leases. The following is a schedule, by year, of future minimum lease payments under capital leases with the present value of net minimum lease payments:

Less: Amount representing interest	ī	(5,579)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	66,081

Scheduled maturities of future minimum lease payments at May 31, 2019, are as follows:

2020 2021	\$ 32,144 33,937
Total	\$ 66,081

Interest on capital leases for the year was \$5,384.

D. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus interest accrued in the current year	\$ 103,067 (26,352) 28,453
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 105,168

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

E. Unissued Debt

On August 13, 2011, the Board adopted a \$3,000,000 bond resolution (\$2,000,000 for the reconstruction of walkways and roadways in the Village and \$1,000,000 for the replacement of water lines in the Village). The Village has issued \$2,000,000 in bonds for walkways and roadways and \$375,000 in bonds for the replacement of water lines; therefore, \$625,000 remains authorized and unissued.

On August 15, 2015, the Board adopted a \$2,000,000 bond resolution for improvements to Windswept and a \$6,000,000 bond resolution for sewer treatment plant improvements. The Village has issued \$1,000,000 in bonds for Windswept and \$500,000 in bonds for the sewer plant improvements; therefore, \$6,500,000 remains authorized and unissued. Work has commenced and is accounted for in the capital projects fund.

On March 5, 2016, the Board adopted a \$12,500,000 bond resolution for improvements to the sewer collection system. No bonds have been issued; therefore, \$12,500,000 remains authorized and unissued.

12. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

A. General Information

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS), and the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan collectively known as NYSLRS. These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

B. Provisions and Administration

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). The net position of the NYSLRS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the NYSLRS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the fund and is the administrative head of the NYSLRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the NYSLRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The NYSLRS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found on the NYS Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

C. Funding Policies

The NYSLRS are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976 with less than ten years of credited service, who contribute 3% of their salary, or joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) or January 9, 2010 (PFRS) and before April 1, 2012, who contribute 3% of their salary throughout active membership. For employees hired on or after April 1, 2012, employee contribution rates are dependent upon salaries and range from 3% to 6% of salary throughout active membership. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employees' contributions for the fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by December 15th less a 1% discount or by February 1st. The Village paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the NYSLRS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

for the current year. The Village's average contribution rate was 13.0% of covered payroll for the ERS and 21.3% of covered payroll for the PFRS for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019.

The Village's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the Village's year ended May 31, 2019, was \$106,162 for PFRS and \$125,081 for ERS.

D. Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2019, the Village reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the NYSLRS. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019 for both the ERS and PFRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSLRS in reports provided to the Village.

	PFRS			ERS
Measurement date	Mar	ch 31, 2019	Mar	ch 31, 2019
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	(361,236)	\$	(269,771)
Village's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability	C	0.0215398%	0	.0038075%
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	((0.0026410)	((0.0001329)

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$169,920 for PFRS and \$207,460 for ERS. At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflo	Resources	_De	Resources			
		PFRS	ERS		PFRS			ERS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	87,754	\$	53,124	\$	38,568	\$	18,109
Changes of assumptions		131,247		67,810				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments						72,347		69,238
Changes in proportion and differences between the Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		39,136		70,856		230,851		31,926
Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		23,989	Y	30,542	-			
Total	\$	282,126	\$	222,332	\$	341,766	\$	119,273

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending May 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending May 31,	 PFRS	ERS		
2020	\$ 5,510	\$	75,864	
2021	(67,880)		(38,208)	
2022	(33,247)		4,570	
2023	20,966		30,291	
2024	(8,978)			
	\$ (83,629)	_\$	72,517	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSLRS
	9.5
Measurement date	March 31, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2018
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4.20%
Investment rate of return (net of investment	
expense, including inflation)	7.00%
Cost of living adjustments	1.30%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	NYS	LRS
		Long-term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return
Measurement date		March 31, 2019
Asset type		
Domestic equity	36.0%	4.55%
International equity	14.0%	6.35%
Real estate	10.0%	5.55%
Private equities	10.0%	7.50%
Alternative investments	8.0%	3.75-5.68%
Bonds and mortgages	17.0%	1.31%
Cash	1.0%	(0.25)%
Inflation indexed bonds	4.0%	1.25%
	100.0%	

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower 6.0% or 1 percentage point higher 8.0% than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
PFRS	6.00 %	7.00 %	8.00 %
Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (1,305,455)	\$ (361,236)	\$ 427,295
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
ERS	6.00 %	7.00 %	8.00 %
Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (1,179,484)	\$ (269,771)	\$ 494,452

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	_	PFRS	ERS		
		(Dollars in '	$Tho \iota$	ısands)	
Measurement date	M	arch 31, 2019	larch 31, 2019		
Employers' total pension liability	\$	(34,128,100)	\$	(189,803,429)	
Plan fiduciary net position		32,451,037	_	182,718,124	
Employers' net pension liability	\$	(1,677,063)		(7,085,305)	
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability		95.09%		96.27%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

Employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of May 31, 2019, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019 based on paid covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of May 31, 2019 amounted to \$30,600 of employer contributions for ERS and \$23,988 for PFRS. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

13. <u>LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION</u>

A. General Information

The Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach established a defined contribution Service Award Program (referred to as a "LOSAP" – length of service award program under Section 457(e)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code) effective January 1, 1999 for active volunteer firefighter members of the Ocean Beach Volunteer Fire Department. The program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of New York State General Municipal Law. The program provides municipally-funded deferred compensation to volunteer firefighters to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach is the sponsor of the program and the program administrator.

Program Description

Participation, Vesting and Service Credit

In a defined contribution LOSAP, each participant has an individual program account. The program account balance of a participating volunteer is credited with a "service award" contribution as of the end of each year during which the volunteer was active enough to earn a year of Service Award Program service credit. The participant is paid his or her account balance upon attainment of the "entitlement age". The amount paid will vary depending upon the number of years of service credit earned by the volunteer and the investment income (less administrative and/or investment expenses not paid by the Village) earned by the program assets and allocated to the participant's program account.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 18 and who have completed 1 year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to be paid their program account balance after being credited with five (5) years of firefighting service, attaining the program's entitlement age while an active volunteer, becoming totally and permanently disabled, or dying while an active volunteer. The program's entitlement age is age 65. An active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A Participant may also receive credit for five (5) years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program as an active volunteer fire fighter members of the Ocean Beach Volunteer Fire Department.

Benefits

A participant's benefit under the program is his or her program amount balance paid upon attainment of the entitlement age in a lump sum to the participant. The annual contribution paid by the Village and credited to the account of a participant who earned fifty points during a calendar year is currently \$700 for service credit earned in 2009 and beyond. The maximum number of years of service credit a participant may earn is 40 years under the program. Currently there are no other forms of payment of a volunteer's earned service award under the Program. Except in the case of death or total and permanent disablement, service awards are paid when a participant attains the entitlement age. Volunteers who continue to be active after attaining the entitlement age and beginning to be paid a service award continue to have the opportunity to earn program credit and to thereby increase their service award payments. The program provides death and disability benefits equal to the participant's program account balance at the time of death or disablement. The program does not provide extra line-of-duty death or disability benefits. All death and disability benefits are "self-insured" and are paid from the program trust fund.

For a complete explanation of the program, see the Program Document a copy of which is available from the Village Clerk.

Fiduciary Investment and Control

After the end of each calendar year, the fire department prepares and certifies a list of names of all persons who were active volunteer members of the fire department during the year indicating which volunteers earned fifty points. The certified list is delivered to the Board of Trustees for the Board's review and approval. The fire department must maintain the point system records to verify each volunteer's points on forms provided and/or approved by the Board of Trustees.

The Village Board of Trustees has retained Penflex, Inc to assist in the administration of the program. The services provided by Penflex, Inc are described in an agreement between Penflex, Inc and the Village.

Based on the certified calendar year volunteer firefighter listings Penflex determines and certifies in writing to the Board of Trustees the amount of the service award to be paid to a participant or to a participant's designated beneficiary. The person(s) authorized by the Board of Trustees then authorizes, in writing, the custodian of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's LOSAP trust funds to pay the service award. No service award benefit payment is made without the written certification from Penflex and the written directive from the authorized representative of the Board of Trustees.

Penflex bills the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach for the services it provides. Penflex's invoices are authorized for payment by the Board of Trustees in the same manner as any other invoice presented to the Village for payment. The Village pays Penflex invoices from its general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Program assets are required to be held in trust by Article 11-A, for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and their beneficiaries or for the purpose of defraying the reasonable expenses of the operation and administration of the program. The Board of Trustees created a Service Award Program Trust Fund through the adoption of a Trust Document, a copy of which is available from the Village Clerk. The Board of Trustees is the program trustee.

Authority to invest the program assets is vested in the program trustee. Program assets are invested in accordance with a statutory prudent person rule. The Board of Trustees has retained Smith, Miller & Associates to provide investment management services. Oppenheimer is the custodian of the majority of the Trust; however, the Village also has a checking account with JP Morgan Chase Bank, where a portion of the Trust is on deposit. This account is used to pay the Service Awards to the participants as they are due.

B. Program Financial Condition

Assets and Liabilities

Assets Available for Benefits at May 31, 2019			
,	% of total		
Sponsor contributions receivable	6.06%	\$	35,000
Capital appreciation fund	7.10%		41,018
Rochester fund	12.29%		70,966
Main Street fund	2.51%		14,479
Senior floating rate fund	5.65%		32,653
International bond fund	7.36%		42,518
Limited-term government fund A	45.17%		260,843
Cash reserves	0.60%		3,489
Dividend opportunity	11.32%		65,376
International Equity A	1.94%		11,187
Total Net Assets Available for Benefits		\$	577,529
Receipts and Disbursements			
Balance at May 31, 2018		_\$	598,066
Changes for the year			
+ Plan contributions			27,783
+ Investment income earned			19,621
+/- Changes in fair market value of investments			(7,420)
- Plan benefit withdrawals			(67,738)
- Change in sponsor contributions receivable			7,217
			(20,537)
Balance at May 31, 2019		\$	577,529
Contributions			
Amount of sponsor's contribution recommended by actua	ry;	\$	27,783
Amount of sponsor's actual contribution:		\$	27,783
Administration Fees			
Fees paid to administrative/actuarial services provider		\$	4,635

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The Village paid \$110,691 in postemployment benefits for eight retirees.

15. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

For the year ended May 31, 2019 the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 34 and GASB Statement No. 73.

Accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions of these statements are to be applied retroactively and reported as a restatement of beginning net position. Accordingly, the Village's net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the beginning fund balance of the General Fund in the fund financial statements were restated as follows:

	N	Vet Position	General Fund
Net position/general fund-fund balances beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	39,098,024	\$ 6,096,753
The following adjustments were necessary to determine the beginning balances at May 31, 2018:			
Accumulated depreciation for government type capital assets		(9,929,313)	
Long-term outstanding obligation items		(4,431,520)	
Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(57,025)	
Deferred revenue		46,973	
GASB 68 NYSLRS balances		(70,656)	
GASB 73 service award program balances		598,066	 598,066
Net position/general fund-fund balances beginning of year, as restated	\$	25,254,549	\$ 6,694,819

16. ASSIGNED: APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$31,479 has been appropriated in the Water Fund, to reduce taxes for the year ending May 31, 2020.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Information

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At May 31, 2019, the Village encumbered the following amounts:

Restricted Fund Balance Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects

\$ 14,613

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:

Sewer Fund

Home and community

2,340

\$ 16,953

B. Grants

The Village has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the Village's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

C. Certiorari Proceedings

From time to time, the Village is involved in certiorari proceedings under which taxpayers seek reduction in the assessed value of property upon which taxes are measured. A reduction in assessed valuation may result in a refund of real property taxes previously paid by the claimant. It is not possible to estimate the amount of refunds, if any, that the Village may be required to make for taxes collected through May 31, 2019, which could affect future operating budgets of the Village.

D. Litigation

The Village is not aware of any material pending or threatened litigation claims against the Village. The Village is also unaware of any unasserted claims or assessments that would require financial statement disclosure.

E. Contingency

During the year ended May 31, 2017, the Village was informed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) of a potential clawback of \$1,000,000 in Federal Superstorm Sandy Funds. It is not known when, or if, the clawback will occur, or if the clawback will be applied to future expected funding. As a result, no liability for the contingency has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

Rev Property Taxes		Original Final Budget Budget Actual		Actual	Var	al Budget iance with Actual			
Pers		9							**
Refuse residential 250,000 259,880 45,880 Refuse commercial 149,900 175,565 25,665 Interest and penalties on real property taxes 25,000 28,500 28,564 3,564 Total Other Tax Items 424,900 424,900 500,009 75,109 Non-Property Taxes 15,000 15,000 14,141 (859) Departmental Income 2,000 2,000 1,309 (691) Clerk fees 2,000 6,000 5,700 (300) Clerk fees 7,000 7,000 9,66 19,66 Seasonal boat basin fee 178,000 178,000 170,749 (7,21) Jest ki fees 2,000 2,000 5,160 4,160 Zoning board fees 12,000 12,000 7,000 15,600 Total Departmental Income 332,000 332,000 316,395 (15,609) Intergovernmental Charges 40,000 40,000 651,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property 930,504 930,504		_\$_	3,700,891	\$	3,700,891	\$	3,672,233	\$	(28,658)
Refuse residential 250,000 259,880 45,880 Refuse commercial 149,900 175,565 25,665 Interest and penalties on real property taxes 25,000 28,500 28,564 3,564 Total Other Tax Items 424,900 424,900 500,009 75,109 Non-Property Taxes 15,000 15,000 14,141 (859) Departmental Income 2,000 2,000 1,309 (691) Clerk fees 2,000 6,000 5,700 (300) Clerk fees 7,000 7,000 9,66 19,66 Seasonal boat basin fee 178,000 178,000 170,749 (7,21) Jest ki fees 2,000 2,000 5,160 4,160 Zoning board fees 12,000 12,000 7,000 15,600 Total Departmental Income 332,000 332,000 316,395 (15,609) Intergovernmental Charges 40,000 40,000 651,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property 930,504 930,504	Other Tax Items								
Refuse commercial 149,900			250,000		250.000		295 880		45 880
Interest and penalties on real property taxes			,						
Non-Property Taxes	Interest and penalties on real property taxes								•
Non-Property Taxes									
Utilities gross receipts tax	Non-Property Tayes	>-							
Clerk fees		_	15,000		15,000	_	14,141		(859)
Clerk fees	Departmental Income								
C.O. applications			2,000		2.000		1.309		(691)
Tennis Fees 7,000 8,966 1,966 Seasonal boat basin fee 178,000 170,749 (7,251) Daily marina rentals 125,000 125,000 116,511 (3,489) Jet ski fees 2,000 2,000 6,160 4,160 Zoning board fees 12,000 12,000 7,000 (5,000) Total Departmental Income 332,000 332,000 316,395 (15,605) Intergovernmental Charges 842,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Fire protection services, other governments 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Intergovernmental Charges 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Fire protection services, other governments 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Interest & earnings 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of relaty operty 970,504 970,504 970,504 10,10,823 10,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 10,10,823 18,27	C.O. applications						•		
Seasonal boat basin fee 178,000 178,000 170,749 (7.251) Daily marina rentals 125,000 125,000 116,511 (8.489) Jet kif fees 2,000 2,000 6,160 4,160 Zoning board fees 12,000 332,000 316,395 15,600 Intergovernmental Charges 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Sale of Froperty & Compensation for Loss	Tennis fees		7,000		-		· ·		` ,
See See	Seasonal boat basin fee		178,000						
Pict ski fees	Daily marina rentals						•		,
Total Departmental Income 332,000 332,000 316,395 115,605 Intergovernmental Charges Fire protection services, other governments 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property 10terest & earnings 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 618 and donations 2,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous Gifs and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 2,000 2,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 7 Total State Aid Federal Aid Fe	Jet ski fees		2,000						
Total Departmental Income 332,000 332,000 316,395 15,605 Intergovernmental Charges Fire protection services, other governments 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property 10,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Sompensation for Loss Sale of Property & Sompensation for Loss Sale of Property & Sompensation for Loss Some state of Pro	Zoning board fees		12,000		12,000		7,000		(5,000)
Fire protection services, other governments 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property Interest & earnings 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 2,000 2,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 4,549 4,549 4,449	Total Departmental Income		332,000						
Fire protection services, other governments 642,987 642,987 654,674 11,687 Use of Money and Property Interest & earnings 40,000 40,000 63,145 23,145 Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 2,000 2,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 4,549 4,549 4,449	Intergovernmental Charges								
Interest & earnings		_	642,987		642,987	_	654,674	y	11,687
Rental of real property 930,504 930,504 947,678 17,174 Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 [41,486] Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 302,500 5,000 44,514 [41,486] Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,550 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 15,164 (4,836)	Use of Money and Property								
Total Use of Money and Property 970,504 970,504 1,010,823 40,319 Licenses and Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Froperty & Compensation for Loss 2.386 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - 6,5000 Miscellaneous 2,000 5,000 - 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 4,549 4,549 4,449 <td>Interest & earnings</td> <td></td> <td>40,000</td> <td></td> <td>40,000</td> <td></td> <td>63,145</td> <td></td> <td>23,145</td>	Interest & earnings		40,000		40,000		63,145		23,145
Licenses and Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 386	Rental of real property		930,504		930,504		947,678		17,174
Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Sale of real property - 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Miscellaneous 2,000 5,000 7,050 5,050 Giffs and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total Revenues	Total Use of Money and Property		970,504		970,504		1,010,823		40,319
Permits 302,500 302,500 320,973 18,473 Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Sale of real property - 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Miscellaneous 2,000 5,000 7,050 5,050 Giffs and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total Revenues	Licenses and Permits								
Fines and Forfeited Bail Fines & forfeited bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Sale of real property - - 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,638) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690			302.500		302.500		320.973		18.473
Fines & forfeited bail 86,000 86,000 44,514 (41,486) Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 3 2,386 2,386 1,386 1,5000 5,000 - 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 1,5000 - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - - 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) - - - 5,000 2,000 2,386 (2,614) -	T 17 C 17 17 1				552,555		020,7.0		20,1.0
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Sale of real property - - 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Cifts and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid 8 8 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,01			06.000		06.000		44.544		(14.100)
Sale of real property 2,386 2,386 Insurance recoveries 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous Cifts and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal Aid 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) <td< td=""><td>rines & fortelted dail</td><td>-</td><td>86,000</td><td>_</td><td>86,000</td><td>-</td><td>44,514</td><td>-</td><td>(41,486)</td></td<>	rines & fortelted dail	-	86,000	_	86,000	-	44,514	-	(41,486)
Insurance recoveries	Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss								
Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss 5,000 5,000 2,386 (2,614) Miscellaneous 3,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Gifts and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - <td>Sale of real property</td> <td></td> <td>i i</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>2,386</td> <td></td> <td>2,386</td>	Sale of real property		i i		2		2,386		2,386
Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Insurance recoveries		5,000		5,000				(5,000)
Gifts and donations 2,000 2,000 7,050 5,050 Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Total Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		5,000		5,000		2,386		(2,614)
Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Miscellaneous								
Unclassified revenues 2,000 2,000 162 (1,838) Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Gifts and donations		2,000		2.000		7.050		5.050
Ferry tickets 20,000 20,000 15,164 (4,836) Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Unclassified revenues		2,000				-		
Total Miscellaneous 24,000 24,000 22,376 (1,624) State Aid Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - 11,589 11,589	Ferry tickets								
Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Total Miscellaneous		24,000		24,000				
Revenue sharing 4,549 4,549 4,449 (100) Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	State Aid								
Mortgage tax 40,000 40,000 51,790 11,790 Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589			4 540		4.540		4.449		(100)
Sales tax revenue sharing 9,588 9,588 9,588 - Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	6						•		. ,
Total State Aid 54,137 54,137 65,827 11,690 Federal Aid Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589									11,7 70
Federal Aid 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	O CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	*						-	11,690
Federal aid (FEMA) 444,217 444,217 116,775 (327,442) Total Revenues 7,002,136 7,002,136 6,741,126 (261,010) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In - - - 11,589 11,589	Federal Aid	-							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In		-	444,217		444,217		116,775		(327,442)
Operating Transfers In - - 11,589 11,589	Total Revenues		7,002,136		7,002,136				
704	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Total Revenues and Other Sources \$ 7,002,136 \$ 7,002,136 6,752,715 \$ (249,421)	Operating Transfers In						11,589		11,589
	Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	7,002,136	\$	7,002,136		6,752,715	\$	(249,421)

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

		Original Final				Actual	Final Budget Variance with Actual & Encumbrances	
EXPENDITURES		udget		Budget	-	Actual	& Eliculibrali	ces
General Government Support								
Legislative board								
Personal services	\$	59,800	\$	60,393	\$	60,393	\$	
Contractual services	Ψ	6,100	Ψ	6,457	φ	6,350		07
Municipal court		0,100		0,437		0,550	1	.07
Personal services		48,000		42,200		42.138		62
Equipment		1,000		1,000		173		27
Contractual services		9,900		9,250		7,296	1,9	
Mayor		7,700		7,250		7,270	1,7	J 1
Personal services		50,888		127,147		127,147		
Contractual services		8,000		4,431		3,970	4	61
Administration		0,000		1,151		3,770	•	-
Personal services		192,700		192,700		192,700		-
Contractual services		5,400		5,500		4,543	9	57
Auditor		5,100		2,500		1,010	,	
Contractual services		65,000		65,093		65,093		
Treasurer		00,000		00,000		00,000		
Personal services		395,000		355,000		354,870	1	30
Equipment		7,000		11,200		11,167		33
Contractual services		44,650		39,100		36,764	2,3	
Assessment		1 1,000		03,200		00,.01	-,5	
Personal services		11,000		11,000		11,000		32
Attorney		,_,		,		,,		
Contractual services		175,700		124,487		124,390		97
Engineer		,		,		,		
Contractual services		40,000		80,255		80,254		1
Elections		•		,		•		
Personal services		1,512		1,512		1,440		72
Contractual services		6,000		1,530		1,380	1	.50
Buildings								
Equipment		9,700		2,007		2,006		1
Contractual services		517,500		360,133		355,540	4,5	93
Shared services								
Contractual services		23,200		22,800		21,363	1,4	37
Central data processing								
Contractual services		65,000		56,251		55,145	1,1	.06
Unallocated insurance								
Contractual services		506,381		560,950		560,646	3	304
Municipal association dues								
Contractual services		5,000		5,000		4,532	4	-68
Judgments and claims								
Contractual services		30,000		2,000		562	1,4	138
Ferry								
Contractual services		10,000		500		-	5	00
Payment of MTA payroll tax								
Contractual services		7,000		7,000		5,501	1,4	199
Contingent account								
Contractual services		142,000			-			-
Total General Government Support		2,443,431	Ç=	2,154,896	61.	2,136,363	18,5	33_

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Varia A	l Budget nce with ctual imbrances
EXPENDITURES	-	buuget	-	Budget	•	Actual	& EIICE	inioi ances
Public Safety								
Police								
Personal services	\$	811,349	\$	844,285	\$	844,285	\$	1.5
Equipment		8,000		32,162	·	32,162	-	-
Contractual services		44,400		44,886		44,886		
Fire protection								
Personal services		75,000		65,350		60,947		4,403
Equipment		156,000		94,669		94,281		388
Contractual services		308,000		284,169		276,045		8,124
Safety inspections								
Personal services		80,500		47,126		46,882		244
Contractual services	-	25,800		14,545		13,489		1,056
Total Public Safety		1,509,049		1,427,192		1,412,977		14,215
Health								
Contractual		5,000		6,500		3,768		2,732
John Medda	-	3,000	-	0,500	-	3,700).	2,732
Transportation								
Street maintenance								
Personal services		157,000		153,000		145,940		7,060
Equipment		35,000		1,875		1,874		1
Contractual services		69,600		40,065		38,048		2,017
Street lighting								
Equipment		5,000		1,000				1,000
Contractual services		10,000		5,000		4,501		499
Total Transportation		276,600	_	200,940		190,363		10,577
Culture and Recreation Parks								
Equipment		7,000		15,600		15,112		488
Contractual services		59,184		18,304		17,070		1,234
Beach								
Personal services		207,833		199,033		199,011		22
Equipment		4,000		11,420		10,989		431
Contractual services		34,200		36,150		34,319		1,831
Recreation		1.000		4.000				4.000
Personal services		1,000		1,000				1,000
Equipment Contractual services		2,100		1,100		4 245		1,100
Celebrations		6,050		6,050		4,315		1,735
Contractual services		4,000		2,000		1,499		501
Other culture and recreation (Marina & Docks)		4,000		2,000		1,477		301
Personal services		34,000		23,900		23,152		748
Equipment		2,500		2,500		1,870		630
Contractual services		25,000		442,914		442,462		452
Total Culture & Recreation		386,867		759,971		749,799	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,172
					×11.000			
Home and Community Services								
Zoning board of appeals								
Contractual services		7,900		4,900		1,849		3,051
Refuse								_
Equipment		3,000		500		196		500
Contractual services		466,000		471,805		471,236		569
Flood/Erosion Contractual services		25 000		F 000		2.000		2 000
Contractual Services) 	25,000		5,000	_	2,000	-	3,000
Total Home & Community		501,900		482,205		475,085		7,120

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

		Original Budget	2	Final Budget		Actual	Vari	al Budget ance with Actual umbrances
EXPENDITURES					671			
Employee Benefits								
State retirement	\$	100,100	\$	92,483	\$	90,771	\$	1,712
Police and fire retirement		124,500		106,162		106,162		-
Local pension fund (Fire service award)		42,000		52,955		52,955		=
Social security and Medicare		160,000		160,000		157,811		2,189
Worker's compensation		66,500		72,570		72,561		9
Unemployment insurance		7,000		7,000		3,045		3,955
Disability insurance		1,500		1,710		1,705		5
Longevity		1,500		1,500		1,000		500
Other		60,000		60,000		60,000		
Hospital and medical insurance		481,800		406,800		403,365		3,435
Total Employee Benefits		1,044,900		961,180		949,375		11,805
Debt Service								
Principal		609,144		607,446		607,446		
Interest		225,245		226,943		222,151		4,792
Total Debt Service		834,389		834,389		829,597		4,792
Total Expenditures		7,002,136		6,827,273		6,747,327		79,946
OTHER USES								
Operating Transfers Out	_	367		174,863		174,863		
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		7,002,136	_\$_	7,002,136		6,922,190	\$	79,946
Net Change in Fund Balance						(169,475)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, as Restated						6,694,819		
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$	6,525,344		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Water Fund

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

	(/ <u></u>	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	41	Actual	Var	nal Budget riance with Actual
REVENUES Real Property Taxes Departmental Income Use of Money and Property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous	\$	245,488 569,268 8,000	\$	245,488 569,268 8,000	\$	245,380 572,493 10,233 297	\$	(108) 3,225 2,233 297 (10,000)
Total Revenues		832,756		832,756		828,403		(4,353)
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Appropriation of Fund Balance Prior Year Encumbrances Total Revenues and Appropriated Fund Balance	\$	37,703 86,714 957,173		37,703 86,714 957,173	1.90			
EXPENDITURES General government support Home and community services Employee benefits Debt Service Principal Interest	2	71,300 482,422 149,173 203,333 50,945		51,300 546,908 123,226 200,808 34,931		51,300 513,206 122,925 200,807 34,929	\$	33,702 301 1 2
Total Expenditures	\$	957,173	\$	957,173		923,167	\$	34,006
Net Change in Fund Balance						(94,764)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						848,909		
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$	754,145		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Sewer Fund

For the Year Ended May 31, 2019

REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	nal Budget riance with Actual
Real Property Taxes Departmental Income Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous Federal sources	\$	281,228 546,497 8,000 28,017 88,164	\$	281,228 546,497 8,000 28,017 88,164	\$ 283,565 544,202 29,729 28,017	\$ 2,337 (2,295) 21,729 - (88,164)
Total Revenues	-	951,906	-	951,906	885,513	 (66,393)
EXPENDITURES General government support Home and community services Employee benefits Debt Service Principal Interest	\$	102,000 516,145 167,442 95,000 71,319	\$	102,000 516,145 167,442 95,000 71,319	82,000 384,961 138,344 95,000 69,894	\$ 20,000 131,184 29,098
Total Expenditures	\$	951,906	\$	951,906	 770,199	\$ 181,707
Net Change in Fund Balance					115,314	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					 1,059,457	
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$ 1,174,771	

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Fiscal Year

Police and Fire Retirement System

	-	2019
Village's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0215398%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	361,236
Village's covered payroll	\$	688,917
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		52.44 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		95.09%

Employees' Retirement System

	_	2019
Village's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0038075%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	269,771
Village's covered payroll	\$	1,463,679
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		18.43 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		96.27%

An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF OCEAN BEACH Schedule of Village Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Employees' Retirement System

			,								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	21	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 125,081				~	\sim Not Readily available \sim	ble ∼				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	125,081			·	8	*			.1	i	×
Contribution deficiency (excess)	φ. 			₩	₩.	49	45	\$	€5	,	
Village's covered payroll	\$ 1,456,316				~	\sim Not Readily available \sim	ble ∼				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	%6										

Police and Fire Retirement System

2					Folice	ana rir	ronce ana rire ketirement system	ır əyster	=									
		2019	2018	8	2017	i	2016	1	2015		2014	2	2013	2012	ļ	2011	2010	0
Contractually required contribution	₩	\$ 106,162							ł	Not Read	\sim Not Readily available \sim	~ əlc						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	ļ	106,162		Ì		·Ì		1			×/							-[
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€9	2	€9		₩.	•		·	20	↔		€5		\$.		88	
Village's covered payroll	↔	650,819							≀	Not Read	~ Not Readily available ~	~ əle						
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16%																



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach Ocean Beach, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach (Village), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2019. That report included an adverse opinion on the governmental activities due to the omission of GASB Statement No. 75 information concerning other postemployment benefits as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Trustees and management of the Incorporated Village of Ocean Beach in a separate letter dated October 24, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

October 24, 2019

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